





## Plasma and Electro-energetic Physics

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## Plasma and Electro-Energetic Physics

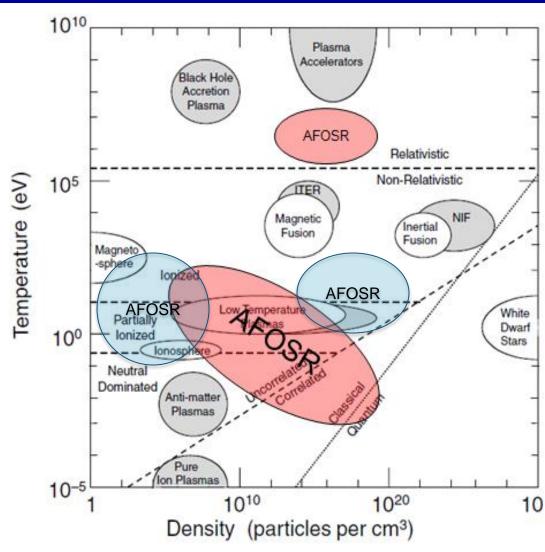


NAME: John Luginsland, Plasma and Electro-energetic Physics

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF PORTFOLIO:

Explore scientific opportunities in plasmas and electro-energetic physics where <u>energy-dense</u> <u>objects</u> powered by electromagnetic energy can provide new vistas in high-power electronics, plasma-enabled chemistry, and fluid/turbulence dynamics arenas

Sub-area: High Power Microwave (HPM) sources, non-equilibrium plasmas, and pulsed power





# Plasma and Electro-Energetic Physics

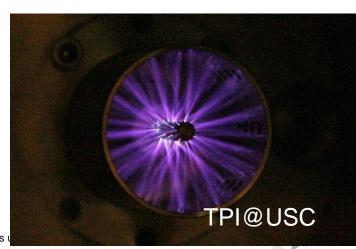


#### WHY PLASMA?

Fundamental science to support AF needs in multiple applications:

- Electronic attack & non-lethal weaponry
- Electronic warfare
- Long range, high resolution radar
- Long range, large bandwidth communications
- Compact chemical reactors (e.g. ozone, nanoparticle production)
- Plasma combustion (higher fuel efficiency, lower emission)
- Counter-directed energy
- Flight dynamics
- Turbulence control
- lonosphere science (heaters)







### Plasma - why it's hard...



#### Maxwell's Dynamical Equations (with complex surfaces):

$$\nabla \times E = -(1/c)\partial B/\partial t$$

$$\nabla \times H = (4\pi/c)J + (1/c)\partial D/\partial t$$

Subject to the initial value constraints:

$$\nabla \cdot B = 0$$

$$\nabla \cdot D = 4\pi \rho$$

With macroscopic media (complex, dispersive):

$$D = \varepsilon E$$

$$B = \mu H$$

Relativistic Lorentz Force Law for relativistic momentum *p* and velocity *u*:

$$dp/d\tau = (q/c)[\gamma cE + u \times B]$$
 Source

"7D," nonlinear, electro-dynamics & statics, relativistic statistical mechanics, self-DC and AC fields, and QM



### Plasma and Electro-energetic Physics

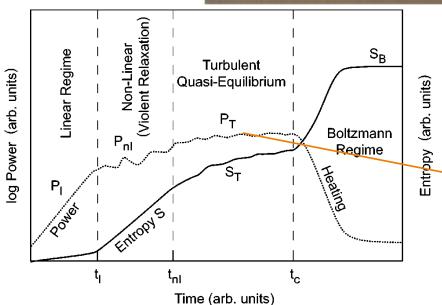
#### Physics Far From Equilibrium

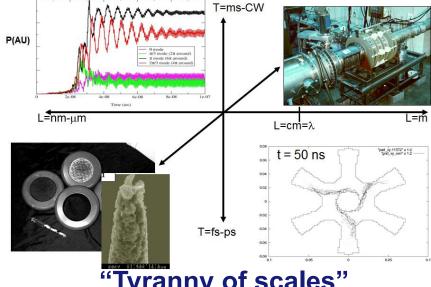
We strive to understand, predict, engineer, and invent high-energy density systems and quantify "performance" using fundamental experimental, mathematical, computational, and diagnostic methods



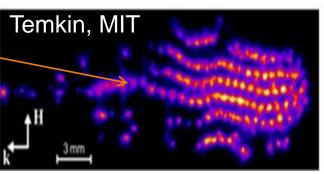
~GW for short periods







"Tyranny of scales"





#### **High Power Microwaves**

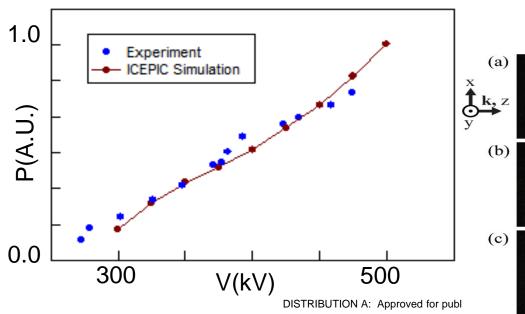


 HPM and vacuum electronics has demonstrated Pf<sup>2</sup> (energy density) doubling every 26 month since 1930

MW-GW, ~30-40% efficient, 0.1-1 μs

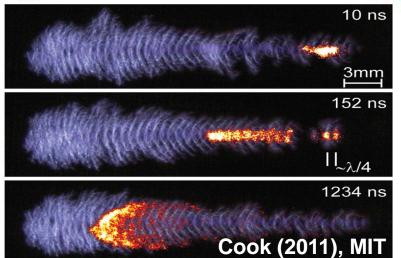
 3D, high-fidelity, parallel modeling of high energy density fields and particles in complex geometry with <u>some</u> surface effects

Regularly reach the limit of air breakdown



Courtesy M. Bettencourt,
AFRL/RDH

"Bumpy" Magnetron with ICEPIC





### **Amplifiers vs Oscillators** A Grand Challenge

Vac-ion

Dimpled-Wall Launcher

Electron

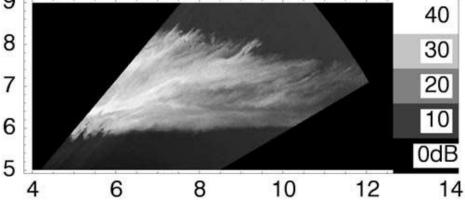
110 GHz Gyrotron

Collector

Electron Beam







94 GHz, 80kW (10kW ave),

700MHz BW

Fundamental challenge in mating high power (nonlinearity) and amplification (linearity)

**Collector Coil Diamond Window** ITER/D3D RF Energy Superconducting

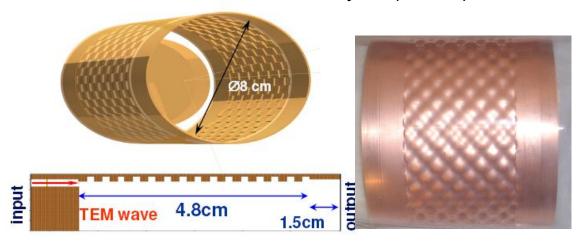
110 GHz, 1MW (10s pulse), **1.1 MHz BW** 



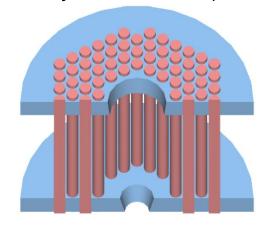
## Single Modes in 3D Devices (Science for Dispersion Engineering)

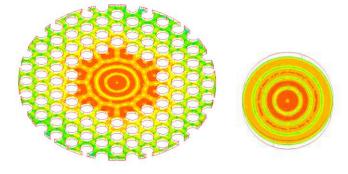


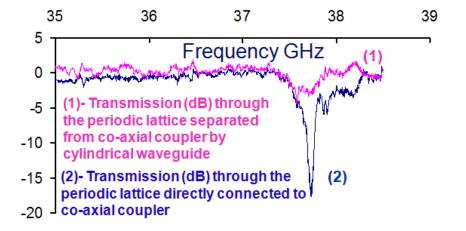
Ka-Band Maser@Ustrathclyde (Cross)



140GHz Gyrotron@MIT (Temkin)





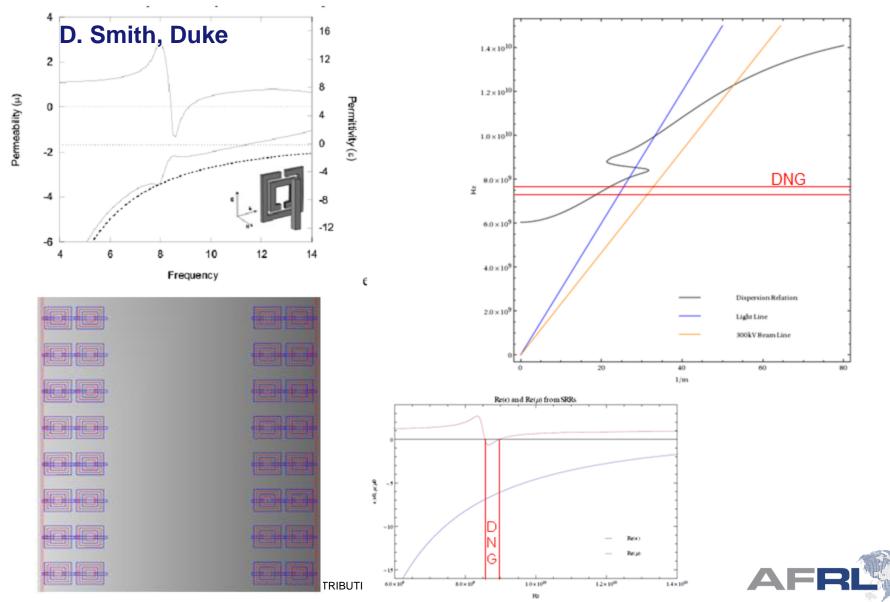


Modern EM structures to provide single mode operation



## High Power Metamaterials (AFLR/RD)



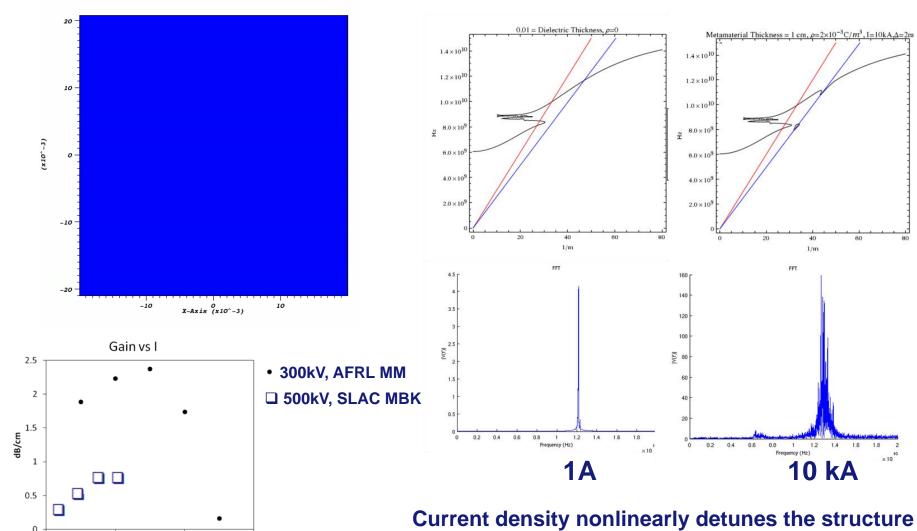




kΑ

## Beam-Wave Interaction (Plasmon Mode and Beam-loading)



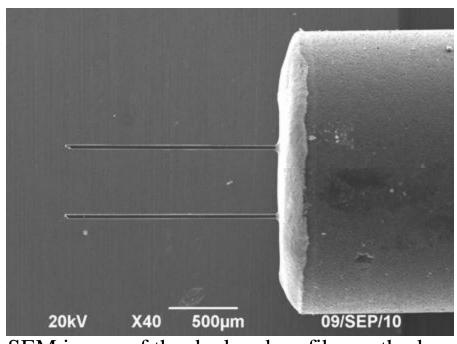


arry detailes the structure



### **Field Emission Physics**



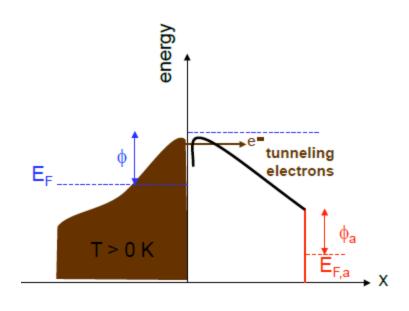


SEM image of the dual carbon fiber cathodes (500 µm separation)

Cathode diameter: 35 µm

Cathode length: 1.5 mm

Center to Center spacing: 500 µm (or 280 µm or 140 µm)



Fowler-Nordheim Equation (1928):

\*theoretically require fields ~1000 V/µm

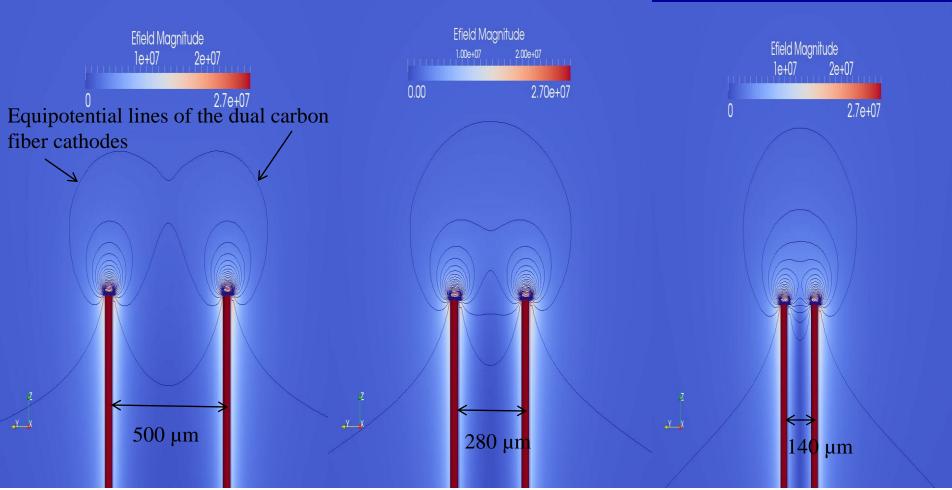






#### **ICEPIC** simulations



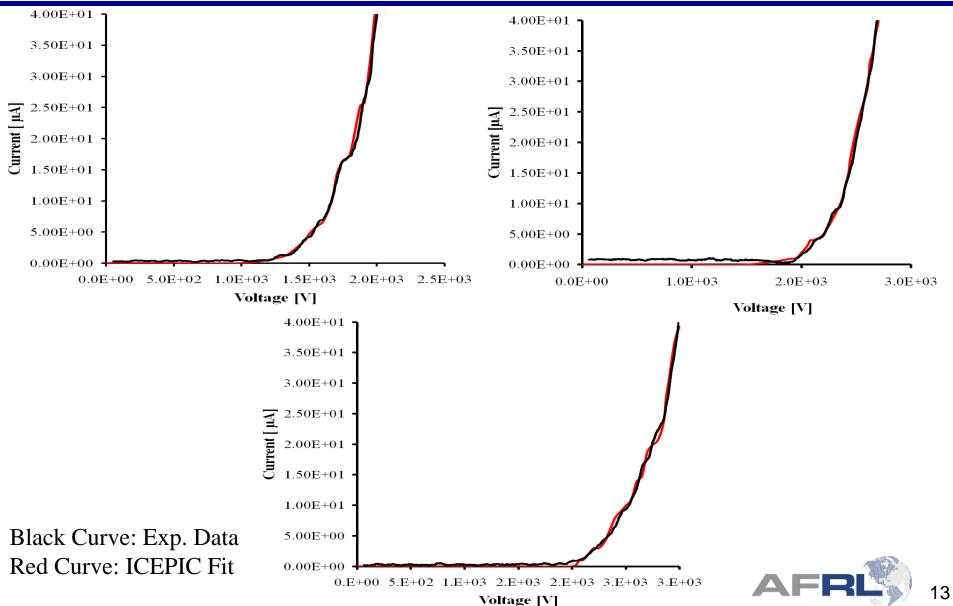


Electric field data showing the equipotential lines of the dual carbon fiber cathodes with 500 μm, 280 μm, and 140 μm center to center separation, which compares to AFRL's analytic conformal mapping model (Tang, APL 2011)



### ICEPIC simulations: Results

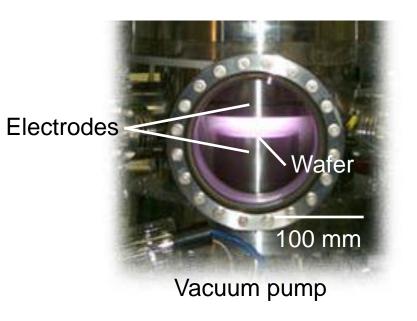




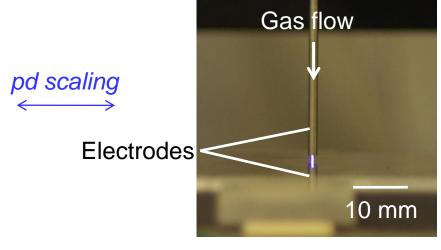


# A potentially new direction for plasma synthesis

#### Conventional plasma



Microplasma "jet"



- Large volume, batch
- Low pressure (10<sup>-5</sup>-10<sup>0</sup> Torr)
- Non-thermal [> 10,000 K]
- Collisionless

- Microscale, continuous
- High pressure (10-1000 Torr)
- Non-thermal [> 10,000 K]
- Collisional, but no arc...



# Microplasmas: A new class of atmospheric-pressure plasmas

- •Microscale: d<sub>hole</sub> ~ 100 μm
- •Non-thermal:  $T_g \sim 100 \text{s deg C}$  $T_e \sim 1 \text{ eV or higher}$
- •High electron densities:10<sup>13</sup>-10<sup>16</sup> cm<sup>-3</sup>
- Stability at high pressures:1 atm or higher
- Flow (jet)

Offers key advantages for (nano)materials synthesis and ties to AFRL needs in material development

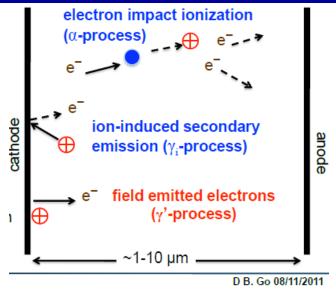
National Research Council called microplasmas one of the most exciting areas in plasma science

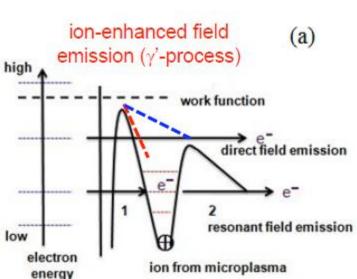


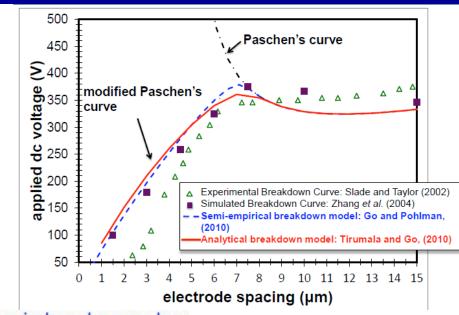
levels

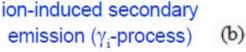
## Coupling to electrode results in fundamental change in plasma production

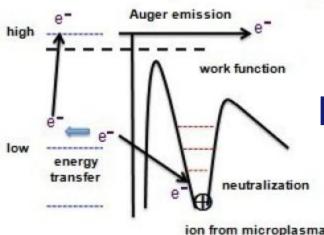












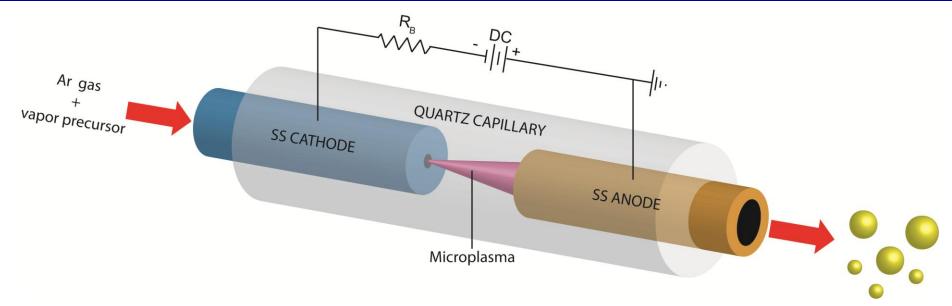
#### Go, Notre Dame





## Continuous-flow microchemical reactors based on microplasmas





#### Characteristics of process

- Non-thermal dissociation of reactive precursor molecules (EID)
- Short residence times (10<sup>-3</sup>-10<sup>-6</sup> seconds)
- In situ monitoring (aerosol size classification)
- Generic precursor can be chosen to grow different materials
   (Si, Fe, Ni, Pt, Cu, NiFe)

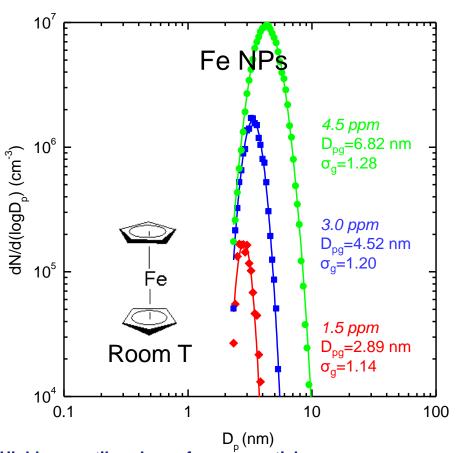
## Sankaran, CWRU

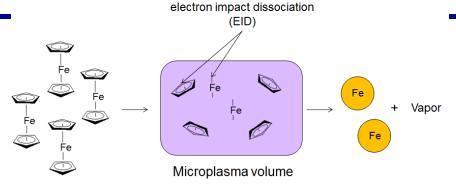




### Nanoparticle growth

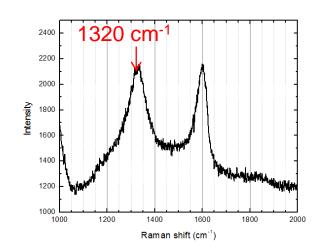






Molecular fragments from

Micro Raman spectroscopy of carbon nanoparticles



Highly versatile scheme for nanoparticles

Multiple metals with precise size control (safety)

**Bimetallic (e.g. intermetllics)** 

Carbon particles/films, including diamond at room temp (late 80s prediction of diamond stability at nanoscale)

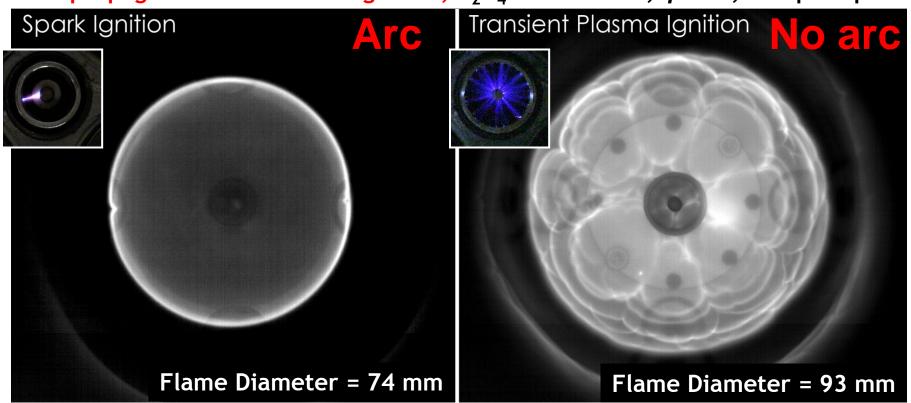




#### **Transient Plasma**



Flame propagation 6.0 ms after ignition,  $C_2H_4$ -air at 1 atm,  $\phi$ =1.1, 300 µs exposure



Discharge: 10 µs, 15 kV pulse (105 mJ)

Electrode: Spark plug, 1 mm gap 12 ns, 42 kV pulse (70 mJ) 3.2 cm anode, 6 mm gap

Average increase in flame speed of 15% TPI compared to spark ignition

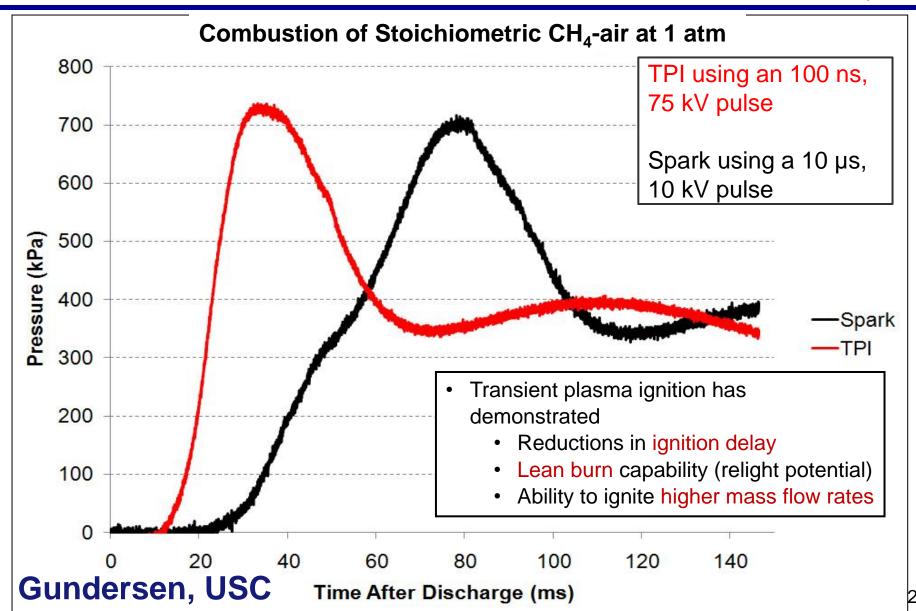
Gundersen, USC DISTRIBUTION A: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.





### Transient Plasma Ignition



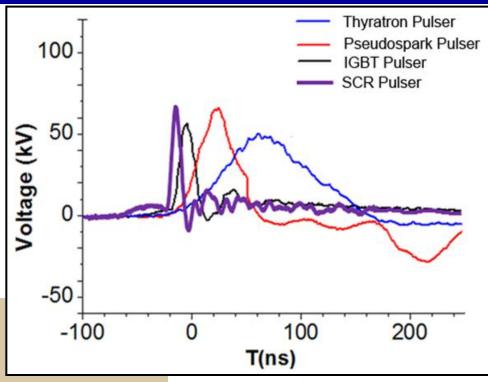




#### Advances in Compact Pulsed Power at USC



Pulse Generator Switch Type	Peak Voltage (kV)	Pulse Width (ns)	Energy Per Pulse (mJ)
Thyratron (1998)	50	150	1000
Pseudospark (2003)	90	85	1500
IGBT (2006)	60	20	300
SCR (2008)	65	12	200





2003

2006

2008

Thyratron

Pseudospark

**IGBT** 

SCR

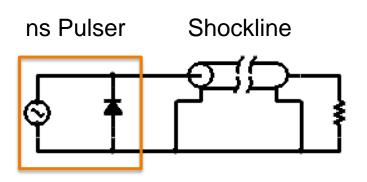




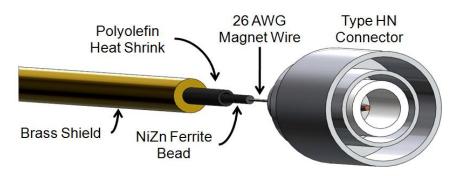
## Emphasis on reducing pulse rise time



The nonlinear nature of ferrites can be utilized to generate a propagating electromagnetic shockwave that reduces the rise time of the wave as it travels.



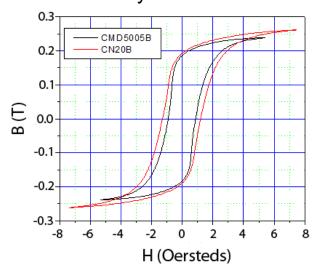
#### Coaxial shockline made of ferrite



#### **Shocklines are:**

- Composed of either ferroelectric or ferro(ferri)magnetic material
- Driven by a High Voltage Pulse from a solid state pulse generator
- Capable of reducing pulse rise times
- Either two conductor or single conductor transmission lines

#### Nonlinearity of ferrite beads



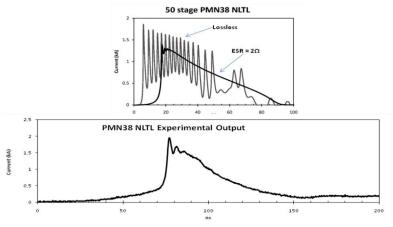


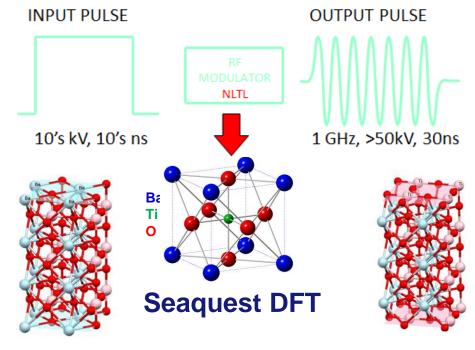


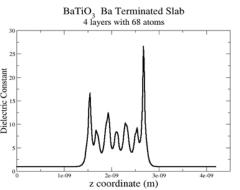
### Nonlinear Dielectrics Science (Heidger, AFRL/RD with PNNL)

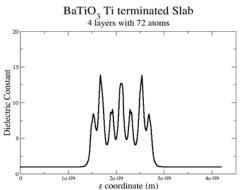


- **Engineer materials to** provide competing characteristics of
  - Energy density ( $\epsilon$ )
  - **Breakdown Dielectric** strength (E)
  - **Engineered non**linearity (Ferro- and **Anti-Ferro-Electric)**
  - Low loss
- **Novel Circuits** 
  - Scales to 100kV, 10s MW







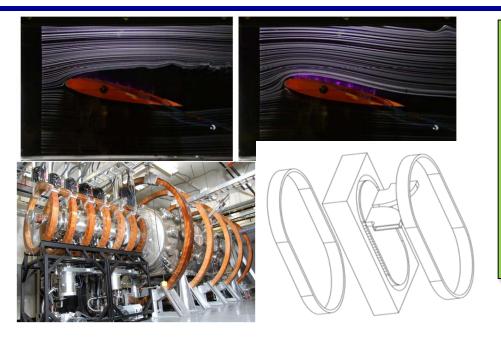






### AFOSR is the leading DOD 6.1 organization for nonequilibrium plasma physics, especially for HPM/vacuum electronics EM sources





#### 43 Active Basic Research Grants in FY12

- 1 IEEE Marie Curie Award winner
- 1 member of National Academy of Sciences
- 1 APS Maxwell Prize winner
- 7 IEEE PSAC award winners
- 1 APS-DPP Weimer Award nominee
- 4 Young Investigators
- 4 IEEE PSAC Outstanding Graduate Student
- Active academia/service lab research
  - 5 new hires from academia to service labs (3 AFRL / 2 NRL)

#### **Collaborators/Teammates**

- Active and close collaborations with AFRL, ONR, ARL, DTRA, DARPA, NSF, and DOE
- Joint project with DARPA in micro-plasmas
- Lead a joint AFRL/NRL effort in active EM fields in the ionosphere

#### **Cross-disciplinary**

We need "7D", nonlinear, electro-dynamics and statics, relativistic statistical mechanics, self-DC and AC fields, and quantum mechanics

- Physics
- Electrical Engineering
- Nuclear Engineering
- Applied Mathematics
- Chemistry
- Computer Science

















### Plasma and Electro-energetic Physics



#### High Power Microwave Sources

- High Power Amplifiers
- High Power Metamaterials (New 2012 MURI)
- Raw Peak Power Oscillators



- Modeling of dense, kinetic plasmas (New STTR)
- Plasma Chemistry (transient/micro-plasma)
- Ultracold/strongly coupled Plasmas (New 2012 BRI and STTR)
- COTS PIC technology



- Nonlinear dielectric Strength Physics
- Compact, Portable Pulsed Power



